



C19-YRS (COVID-19 Yorkshire Rehabilitation Scale)

The C19-YRS (COVID-19 Yorkshire Rehabilitation Scale) is an outcome measure to capture persistent symptoms of Long COVID. The self-report version of C19-YRS gives a symptoms severity score, functional disability score and global health score. NHS England in its National Clinical Guidance (Nov 2020) has advocated its use in all Long COVID clinics being set up in England. NICE guidelines (Dec 2020) have also recommended its use for assessment of Long COVID.

Long COVID is a clinical syndrome of symptoms that persist 4 weeks after contracting COVID-19 illness. Symptoms include breathlessness, fatigue, pain, cognitive problems (brain fog), sleep problems, autonomic dysfunction, functional disability in daily activities and reduced quality of life. There are currently more than 100,000 individuals in the UK (and more than 4 million worldwide) struggling with Long COVID. This is set to rise in the aftermath of the current ongoing second wave of the pandemic.

The C19-YRS (COVID-19 Yorkshire Rehabilitation Scale) is an outcome measure to capture persistent symptoms of Long COVID. The self-report version of C19-YRS gives a symptoms severity score, functional disability score and global health score. It was developed by clinical academics in the Academic Department of Rehabilitation Medicine, LIRMM (led by Dr Sivan). NHS England in its National Clinical Guidance (Nov 2020) and NICE guidelines (Dec 2020) have recommended its use for assessment and monitoring of Long COVID.

Multiple language translations are available of this product. Please contact us to enquire.

For commercial use of this product, please contact us.

References

Category

Healthcare Questionnaires &
Outcome Measures/Quality of
Life Scales
COVID-19 Resources
Non-Software (HEBCI)

Author(s)

Dr Manoj Sivan
Dr Mike Horton
Dr Stephen Halpin
Professor Rory O'Connor

Learn more



1. Sivan M, Halpin SJ, Gee J(2020) , <https://www.acnr.co.uk/2020/06/c19-yrs/>, Advances in Clinical Neurosciences and Rehabilitation, 19, 14-17
2. Sivan M, Taylor S(2020) , <https://www.bmj.com/content/bmj/371/bmj.m4938.full.pdf>, BMJ, 371, m4938
3. Halpin S, O'Connor RJ, Sivan M(2020) , <https://onlinelibrary.wiley.com/doi/full/10.1002/jmv.26587>, J Med Virol
4. Halpin SJ, Mclvor C, Whyatt G, Adams A, Harvey O, McLean L, Christopher Walshaw C, Kemp S, Corrado J, Singh R, Collins T, Rory J O'Connor RJ, Sivan M(2021) , <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/32729939/>, J Med Virol, 93(2), 1013-1022
5. Sivan M, Halpin S, Hollingworth L, Snook N, Hickman K, Clifton IJ(2020) , <https://www.medicaljournals.se/jrm/content/html/10.2340/16501977-2727>, J Rehabil Med, 52(8), jrm00089
6. Manoj Sivan, Nick Preston, Amy Parkin, Sophie Makower, Jeremy Gee, Denise Ross, Rachel Tarrant, Jennifer Davison, Stephen Halpin, Rory J. O'Connor, Mike Horton(2022) , The modified COVID 19 Yorkshire Rehabilitation Scale (C19 YRSm) patient reported outcome measure for Long Covid or Post COVID 19 syndrome, Journal of Medical Virology